1. The cholesterol levels in (10 year old) children has a distribution that is skewed to the right with population median Q_2 . A random sample of 12 children yielded the following cholesterol levels.

 $154 \ 139 \ 194 \ 145 \ 133 \ 172 \ 135 \ 149 \ 142 \ 150 \ 186 \ 155$

- (a) Test $H_0: \mathcal{Q}_2 = 180$ versus $H_a: \mathcal{Q}_2 < 180$ at the $\alpha = 0.05$ significance level using the sign test. You must find the test statistic and p-value, and state your decision and final conclusion.
- (b) Test $H_0: \mathcal{Q}_2 = 140$ versus $H_a: \mathcal{Q}_2 > 140$ at the $\alpha = 0.05$ significance level using the sign test. You must find the test statistic and p-value, and state your decision and final conclusion.
- (c) Test $H_0: Q_2 = 160$ versus $H_a: Q_2 \neq 160$ at the $\alpha = 0.05$ significance level using the sign test. You must find the test statistic and p-value, and state your decision and final conclusion.