

STAT:5400 Midterm 1, 2017

Solutions

September 25, 2017

1 L^AT_EX

For p a non-zero real number and x_1, \dots, x_n positive real numbers, the *generalized mean* (also called the *power mean*) of the x_i , $i = 1 \dots n$ is (Bullen, 2003)[3]:

$$M_p(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \left(\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^p \right)^{\frac{1}{p}} \quad (1)$$

The generalized mean with $p = 0$ is defined as the geometric mean:

$$M_0(x_1, \dots, x_n) = \left(\prod_{i=1}^n x_i \right)^{\frac{1}{n}} \quad (2)$$

2 R

```
1. > genlmeans <- function( p, x)
+ {
+     if( !(is.numeric(p)) || length(p) > 1 || !(is.numeric(x))
+         || any(x <= 0) )
+     {
+         print("Invalid input.")
+     } else
+     {
+         n <- length(x)
+         if(p)
+         {
+
+
+
+
+
+
+
+
+
+         gmean <- ( sum(x^p) /n) ^ (1/p)
```

```

+           } else
+           {
+               gmean <- prod(x) ^ (1/n)
+           }
+           gmean
+       }
+ }
>

```

2. (a) > `genlmeans(p = -5, x = c(31, 15,84))`

```
[1] 18.58773
```

(b) > `genlmeans(p = 0, x = c(31, 15,84))`

```
[1] 33.9295
```

(c) > `genlmeans(p = 5, x = c(-31, 15,84))`

```
[1] "Invalid input."
```

(d) > `genlmeans(p = 5, x = c("Charlie", "Yuan", "Sue"))`

```
[1] "Invalid input."
```

3. > `albutrl <-`

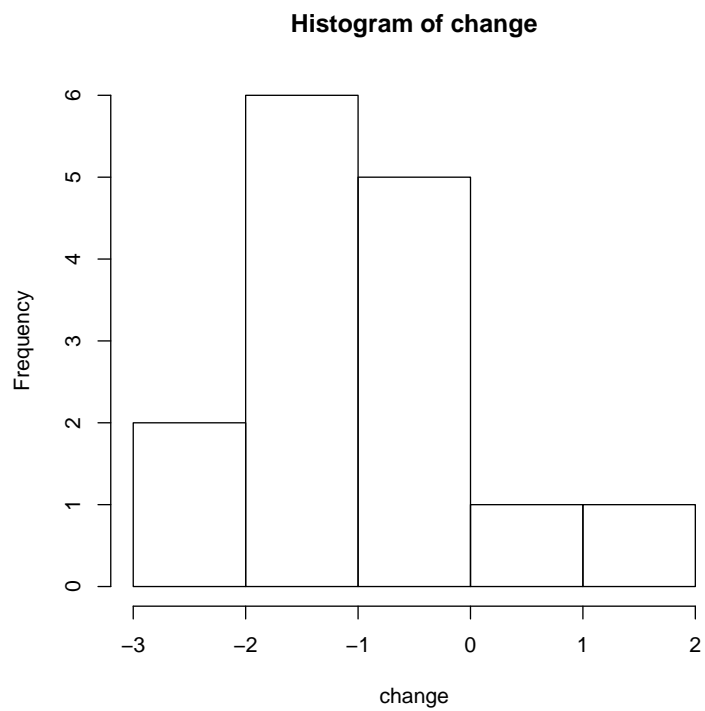
```
+ read.table("http://homepage.divms.uiowa.edu/~kcowles/Datasets/albuter1.txt",
```

```
+ header = TRUE)
```

```
> attach(albutrl)
```

```
> change = after - before
```

```
> hist(change)
```



References

Bullen, P. (2003). *Handbook of Means and Their Inequalities*. Kluwer, Dordrecht, Netherlands.