4.2 Shapes of Distributions

Symmetry

Symmetrical or asymmetrical

- □ If symmetrical, mounded or flat?
- Skew

Right, left

Peaks or Modes

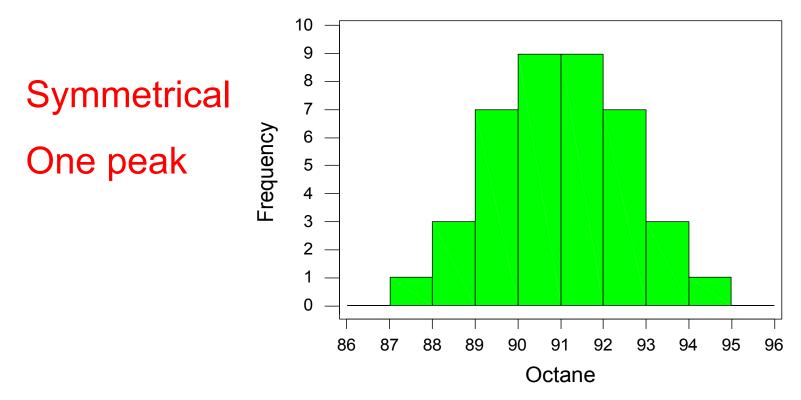
Unimodal, bimodal, multiple peaks

Spread

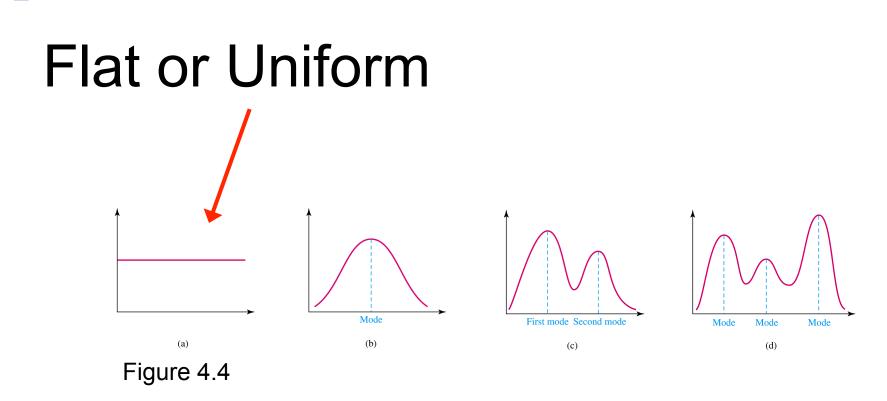
□ Narrow spread or wide spread

Histogram of Octane

Histogram of Octane Rating

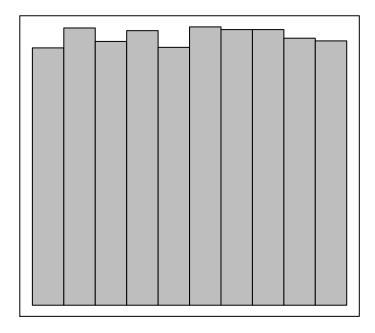


A distribution is **symmetric** if its left half is a mirror image of its right half.



Perfectly flat

Flat or Uniform



Not perfectly flat, but close. We want to describe the *general* shape of the distribution.

Not symmetrical

A distribution that is <u>not symmetric</u> must have values that tend to be more spread out on one side than on the other. In this case, we say that the distribution is **skewed**.

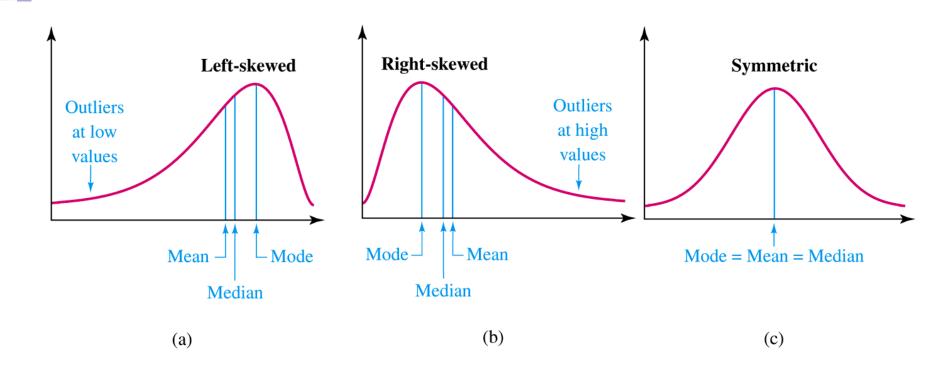


Figure 4.7 (a) Skewed to the left (left-skewed): The mean and median are less than the mode. (b) Skewed to the right (right-skewed): The mean and median are greater than the mode. (c) Symmetric distribution: The mean, median, and mode are the same.

Right-skewed

80 70 60 Frequency 50 40 30 20 10 0 5.0 7.0 5.5 6.0 6.5 рΗ

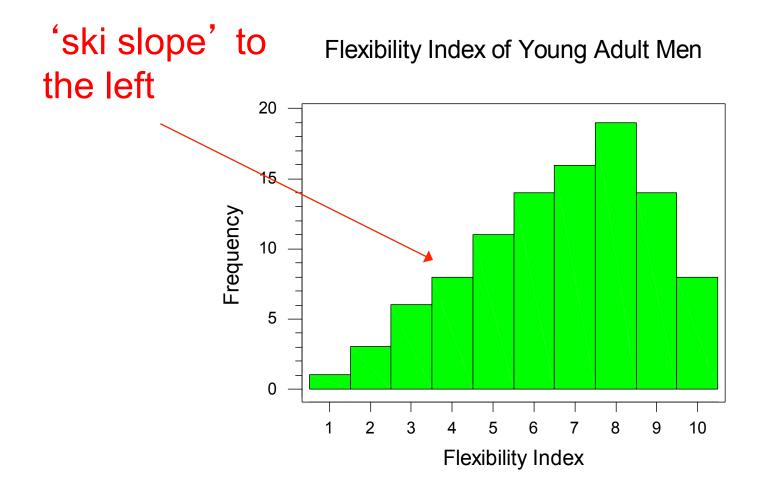
pH of Pork Loins

Right-skewed



'ski slope' to

Left-skewed



Right-skewed or Left-skewed

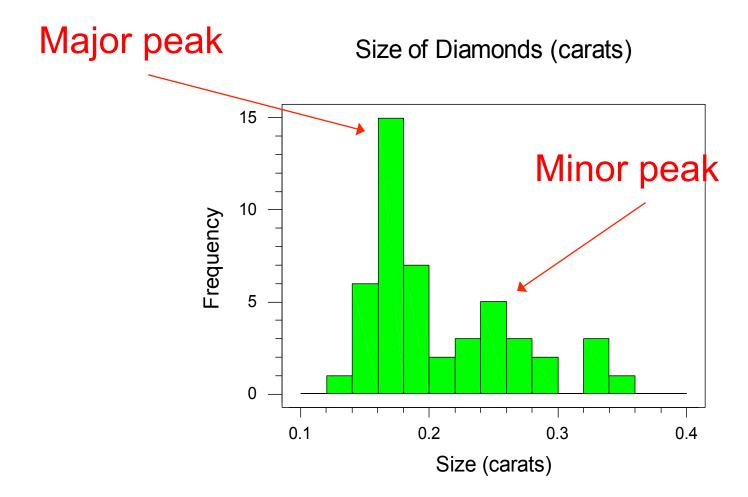
A distribution is left-skewed if its values are more spread out on the left side.

A distribution is right-skewed if its values are more spread out on the right side.

Number of Modes

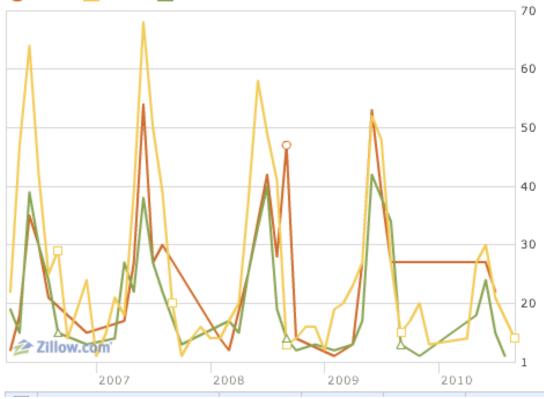
- If there are numerous obvious peaks, we say there are multiple modes.
 - \Box One peak \rightarrow unimodal
 - \Box Two peaks \rightarrow bimodal
 - \Box More than two peaks \rightarrow multiple modes
- Some peaks can be 'major' peaks and some can be 'minor' peaks

Multiple Peaks



Time-Series Diagrams – example Homes sold in Iowa City by zip code and month





Multiple peaks

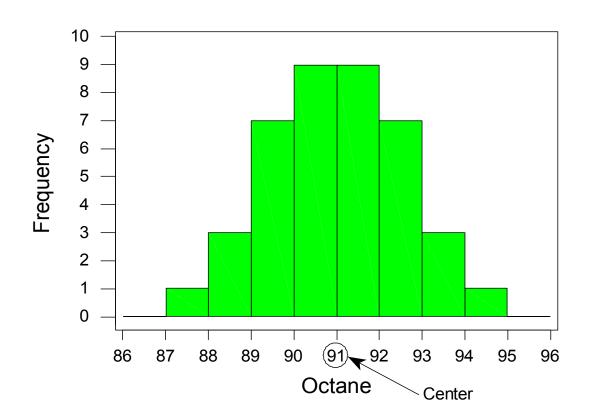
Year (data by the month)

Measures of Center

- These help describe a distribution, too.
- A typical or representative value.
 Mean, Median, Mode
- Summary of the whole batch of numbers.
- For symmetric distributions easy.

Histogram of Octane

Histogram of Octane Rating

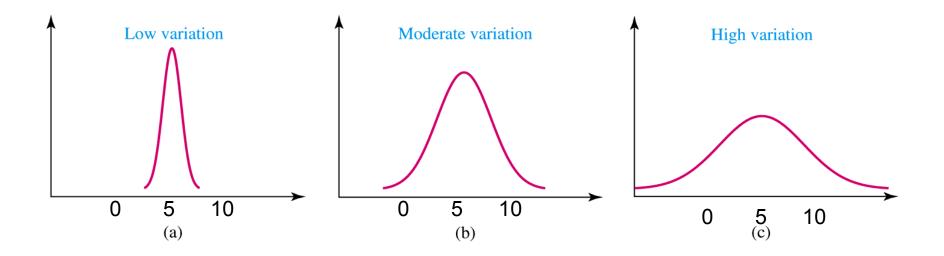


Spread

Variation matters.
 Tightly clustered?
 Spread out?
 Low and high values?

Variation describes how widely data are spread out about the center of a data set.

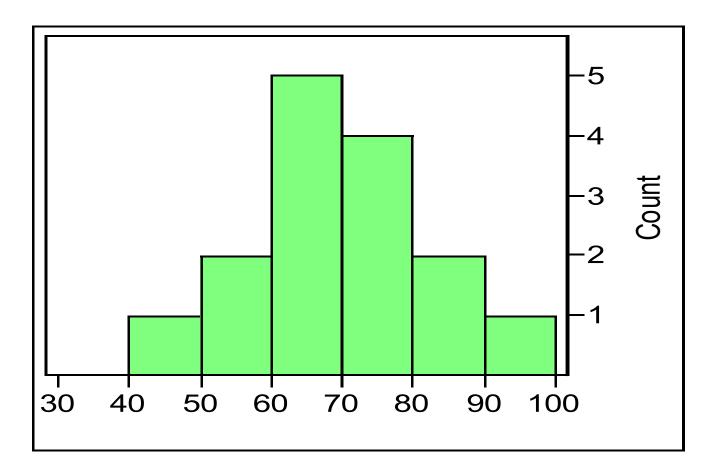
SpreadVariation matters.



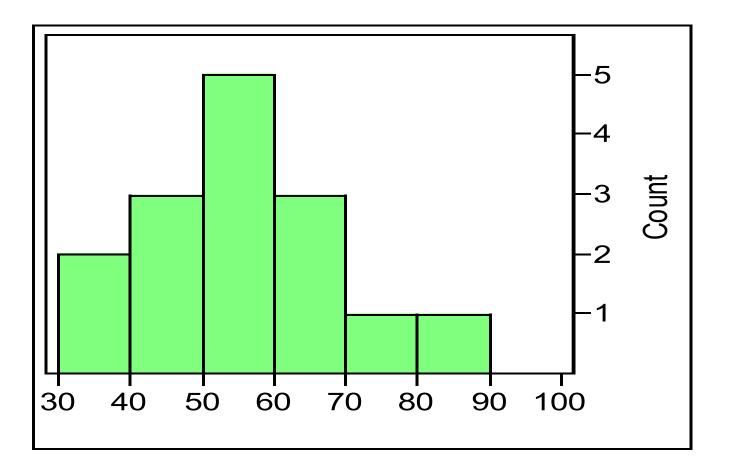
Comparing Distributions

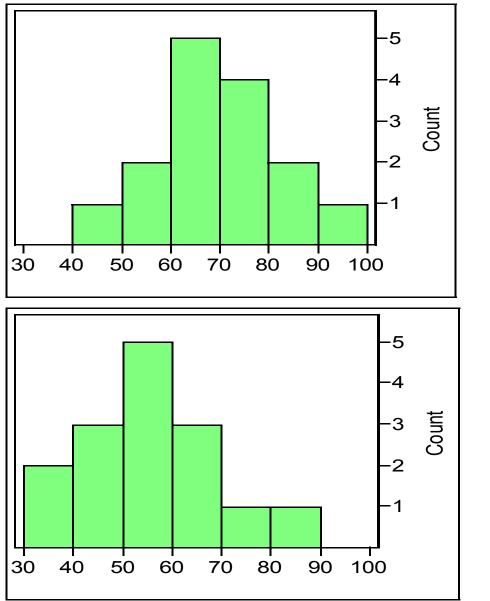
- How do the distributions compare in terms of...
 - □ Shape?
 - Center?
 - □ Spread?

Workout Times: Men



Workout Times: Women







Women

To describe a distribution, use...

ShapeCenterSpread