

MATH 2850

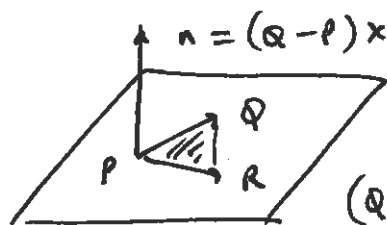
Quiz 2

September 23, 2016

NAME. SOLUTION

1. Let $P = (1, 1, 1)$, $Q = (2, 3, 4)$ and $R = (3, 4, 7)$ be given three points in \mathbb{R}^3 .

a. Compute the area of the triangle with vertices P, Q and R .



$$n = (Q - P) \times (R - P)$$

$$Q - P = (2, 3, 4) - (1, 1, 1) = (1, 2, 3)$$

$$R - P = (3, 4, 7) - (1, 1, 1) = (2, 3, 6)$$

$$(Q - P) \times (R - P) = \begin{vmatrix} i & j & k \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 6 \end{vmatrix} = (3, 0, -1)$$

$$\text{Area of } \Delta = \frac{1}{2} \|(3, 0, -1)\| = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{9 + 0 + 1} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}$$

b. Find a closed (non-parametric) coordinate equation for the plane Π passing through P, Q and R .

$$n = (3, 0, -1), \quad \text{point } (1, 1, 1) \quad \left[\text{or } (2, 3, 4), \text{ or } (3, 4, 7) \right]$$

$$(n - P) \cdot (3, 0, -1) = 0$$

$$(x - 1, y - 1, z - 1) \cdot (3, 0, -1) = 0 \implies 3x - z = 2$$

2. Let $f(x, y) = 2 - (x^2 + y^2)$.

a. Determine the level sets for the function f for the values $c = 0, 1, 2, 3$. Make sure to indicate the height c of each curve.

$$c = f(x, y) = 2 - (x^2 + y^2)$$

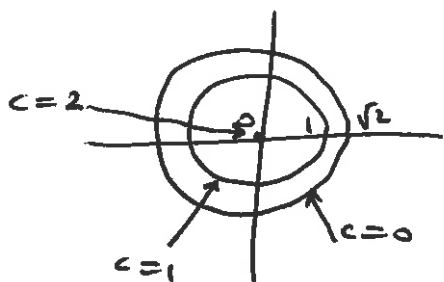
$$x^2 + y^2 = 2 - c$$

Level set at height c is

a circle of radius $\sqrt{2 - c}$ if $c < 2$

$c = 2$ yields a point

$c = 3$ has no solution, level set = \emptyset



b. Use the information obtained in part (a) to sketch the graph of f on the back of the page. Show at least 3 points on this graph with all coordinates.

$P \tau_0$

$$z = f(x, y) = 2 - (x^2 + y^2)$$

