

May 1, 2017

Final Exam covers:
Chap 5-6-7.



S. 1 - 4	1
S. 5	2
6. 1	1
6. 2	1
6. 3	1
7. 1	1
7. 2	1
7. 3	2

Review Session Tentatively Tuesday May 9 Evening

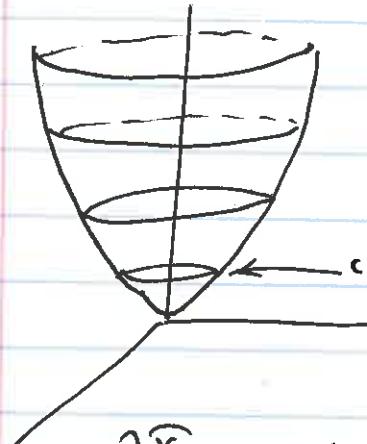
(1)

7.1 p 468 #7

$$\underline{X}(s, t) = (s \cos t, s \sin t, s^2)$$

$$0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$$

$$0 \leq s$$



circle of radius s at height s^2 .

$$\frac{\partial \underline{X}}{\partial s} = (\cos t, \sin t, 2s)$$

$$\frac{\partial \underline{X}}{\partial t} = (-s \sin t, s \cos t, 0)$$

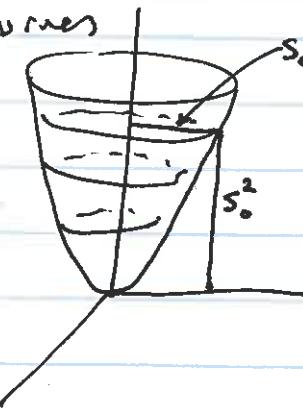
$$N = (-2s^2 \cos t, -2s^2 \sin t, s)$$

$$= s(-2s \cos t, -2s \sin t, 1) \neq 0 \quad \text{we want}$$

S is smooth if $s > 0$.

Coordinate curves

$$s = s_0$$



$$t = t_0$$



(2)

7.1 p. 468 #7 Continue

Eqn of the tangent plane to $\bar{x}(s,t)$
at the point $(1, \sqrt{3}, 4)$

$$\bar{x}(s,t) = (s \cos t, s \sin t, s^2) \quad \text{for } (s_0, t_0) \text{ Do I get } (1, \sqrt{3}, 4)$$

$$N(s,t) = s(-2s \cos t, -2s \sin t, 1)$$

Tangent plane $N(s_0, t_0) \cdot [(\bar{x}_0, y_0, z_0) - \bar{x}(s_0, t_0)] = 0$

$$\bar{x}\left(2, \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = (1, \sqrt{3}, 4)$$

$$N\left(2, \frac{\pi}{3}\right) = 2\left(-4 \cdot \frac{1}{2}, -4 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}, 1\right)$$

$$= (-4, -4\sqrt{3}, 2)$$

$$(-4, -4\sqrt{3}, 2) \cdot [(\bar{x}_0, y_0, z_0) - (1, \sqrt{3}, 4)] = 0$$

$$-4x - 4\sqrt{3}y + 2z = (-4, -4\sqrt{3}, 2) \cdot (1, \sqrt{3}, 4)$$

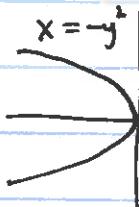
$$= -4 - 12 + 8 = -8$$

$$-4x - 4\sqrt{3}y + 2z = -8$$

(3)

How to parametrize graphs of functions

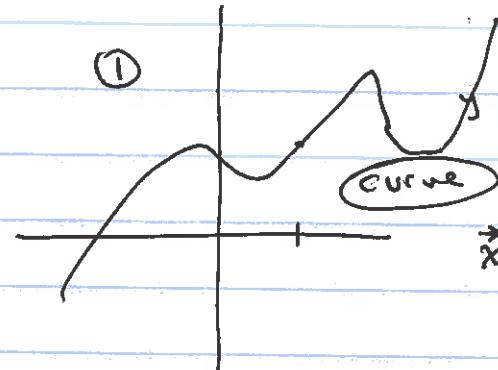
②



$$\vec{x}(t) = (-t^2, t)$$

6.1

①



$$f(x) = x^5 + x^4 - x^3 + x^2 + 1$$

$$\vec{x}(t) = \begin{pmatrix} t \\ f(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

surface

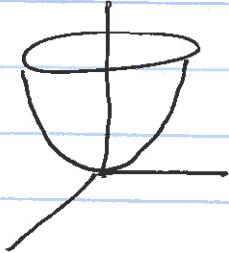
7.1

$$z = x^2 + y^2$$

$$\vec{x}(s, t) = \begin{pmatrix} s \\ t \\ s^2 + t^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s} = (1, 0, 2s)$$

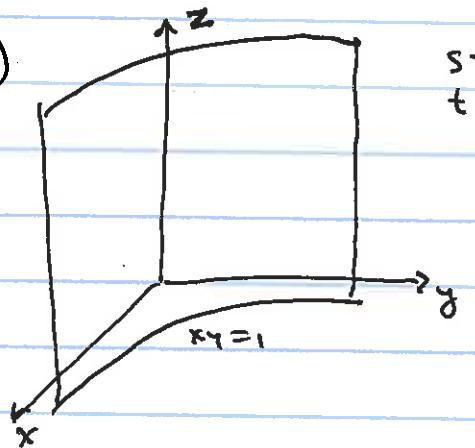
$$\frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t} = (0, 1, 2t)$$



$$N = \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t} = (-2s, -2t, 1) \neq 0 \quad \forall s, t.$$

②

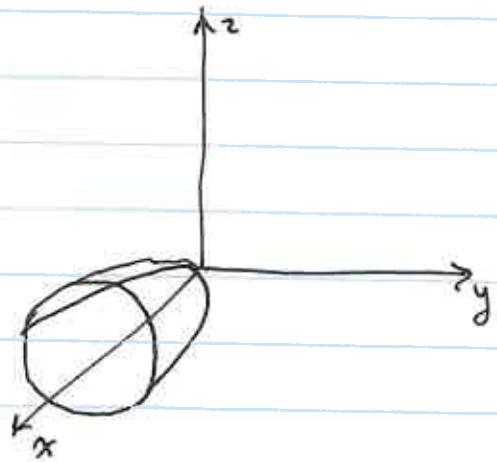
$$\vec{x}(s, t) = \begin{pmatrix} s \\ \frac{1}{s} \\ t \end{pmatrix}$$



(4)

$$\textcircled{3} \quad (\underbrace{s^2 + t^2}_{\substack{\parallel \\ x}}, s, t)$$

parametrizes graph of $x = y^2 + z^2$



Parametrizing
Spheres:

①

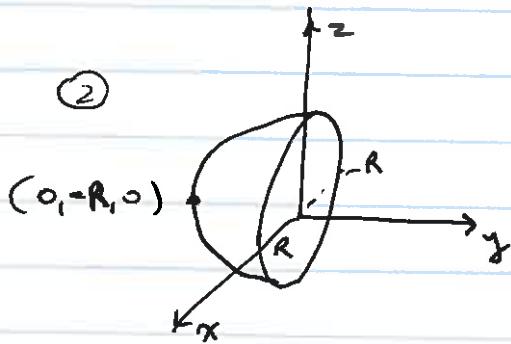
$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = R^2$$

$$z = \pm \sqrt{R^2 - x^2 - y^2}$$

$$\vec{x}(s, t) = \left(\underbrace{s, t}_{\substack{\parallel \\ x}}, \underbrace{\sqrt{R^2 - s^2 - t^2}}_{y} \right)$$

need: $s^2 + t^2 < R^2$

$$\vec{Y}(s, t) = (s, -\sqrt{R^2 - s^2 - t^2}, t)$$



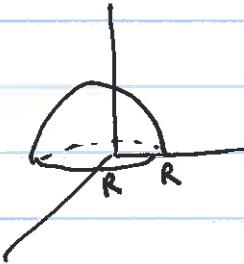
(5)

$$③ \quad Z(r, \theta) = (r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta, \sqrt{R^2 - r^2})$$

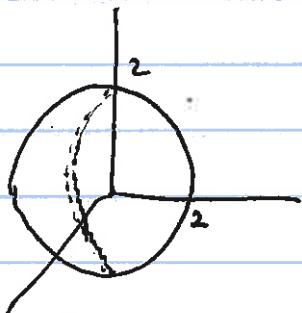
$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$0 < r$$

Sphere
by using
cylindrical
coordinates



(4)



Sphere by using
spherical coordinates

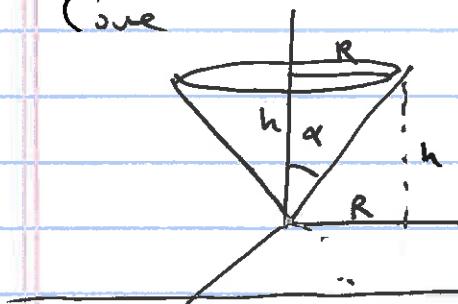
~~$$④ \quad W(\theta, \varphi) = (2 \sin \varphi \cos \theta, 2 \sin \varphi \sin \theta, 2 \cos \varphi)$$~~

$$0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$$

$$0 \leq \varphi \leq \pi$$

Ex

Cone



$$\text{F}(s, t) = \left(s \frac{x}{l}, t \frac{y}{l}, \frac{h}{R} \sqrt{s^2 + t^2} \right)$$

$$\text{OR} \quad \text{X}(s, t) = \left(\underbrace{s \cos t}_{x}, \underbrace{s \sin t}_{y}, \frac{h}{R} s \right)$$

$$\frac{l}{s} = \cot \alpha = \frac{h}{R}$$

Remark: $(s \cos t, s \sin t, C)$

parametrizes the plane
 $z = C$.

Must
know
how to
parametrize

- Planes
- Graphs, $z = f(x, y)$; $x = g(y, z)$; $y = h(x, z)$
- Cylinders
- Spheres
- Cones

(6)

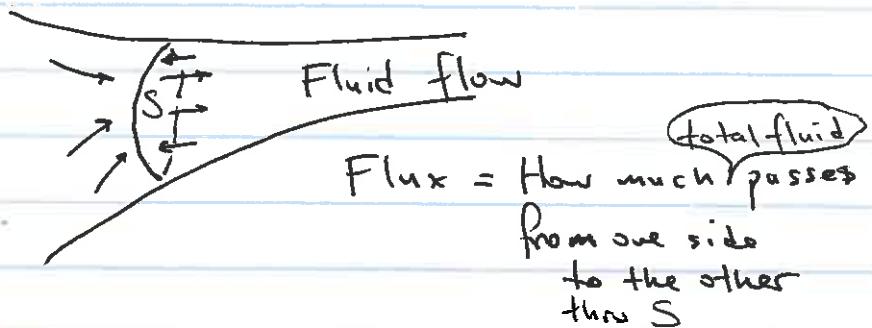
7.2

Surface integrals

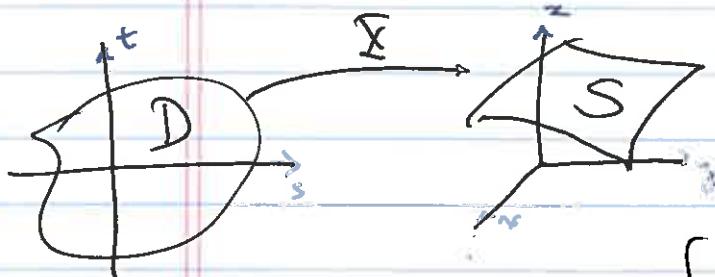
Will Do ① Area of a surface

(Skip) ② $\iint_S f \cdot dS$ f real valued (mass of a metallic bowl with variable density f)
not needed in 7.3

Will Do ③ $\iint_S \vec{F} \cdot \vec{dS}$ Flux integrals
Need it in 7.3



Defn Let $\vec{x}(s, t) : D \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$ be a parametrized smooth surface; Let \vec{x} be 1-1, onto S



① Area $S = \iint_D \|N\| ds dt$

② $\iint_S f \cdot dS = \iint_D f(\vec{x}(s, t)) \|N\| ds dt$

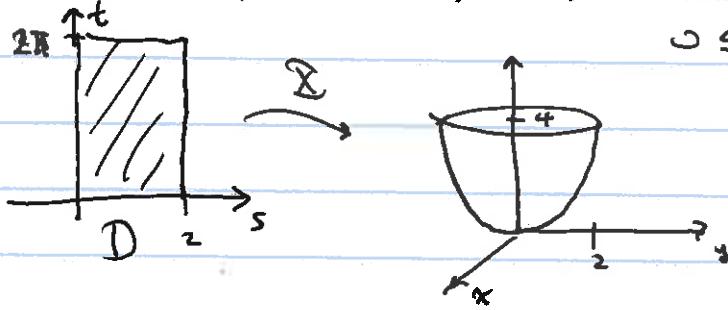
where $N = \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t}$

(7)

Recall

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s}, \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t} \\ N = \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t} \\ dS = \|N\| ds dt \end{array} \right.$$

(Ex) $\vec{x}(s, t) = (s \cos t, s \sin t, s^2) \quad 0 \leq s \leq 2$
 $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$



- Area S
- $\iint_S x^2 ds$ (if time)

$$\frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s} = (\cos t, \sin t, 2s)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t} = (-s \sin t, s \cos t, 0)$$

$$\frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial s} \times \frac{\partial \vec{x}}{\partial t} = N = (-2s^2 \cos t, -2s^2 \sin t, s)$$

$$\|N\| = \sqrt{4s^4 \cos^2 t + 4s^4 \sin^2 t + s^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4s^4 + s^2}.$$

$$\text{Area} = \iint_D \|N\| ds dt = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{4s^4 + s^2} dt ds$$

(8)

S70

$$= \int_0^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{s^2(4s^2+1)} dt ds$$

$$= \int_0^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \sqrt{4s^2+1} dt s ds.$$

$$u = 4s^2 + 1$$

$$du = 8s ds$$

$$= \left(\int_0^{2\pi} dt \right) \left(\int_1^{17} \sqrt{u} \cdot \frac{1}{8} du \right)$$

$$= 2\pi \cdot \frac{1}{8} u^{\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{2}{3} \Big|_1^{17}$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{6} (17\sqrt{17} - 1)$$

If you are curious about it: (NOT IN the final)

$$\iint_S x^2 dS = \int_0^2 \int_0^{2\pi} \underbrace{(s \cdot \cos t)^2}_{x^2} \cdot \underbrace{\sqrt{4s^2+s^2}}_{\text{INT}} ds dt$$

$$\vec{x}(s, t) = \left(\underbrace{s \cos t}_x, s \sin t, s^2 \right)$$

$$= \int_0^2 s^2 \cdot s \cdot \sqrt{4s^2+1} ds \cdot \int_0^{2\pi} \cos^2 t dt$$

$$u = 4s^2 + 1$$

$$du = 8s ds$$

$$s^2 = \frac{u-1}{4}$$

$$= \int_1^{17} \frac{u-1}{4} \cdot \sqrt{u} \cdot \frac{1}{8} du \int_0^{2\pi} \frac{1+\cos 2t}{2} dt = \frac{\pi}{32} \left(\frac{2}{5} 17^2 \sqrt{17} - \frac{2}{3} - \frac{2}{3} 17 \sqrt{17} + \frac{2}{3} \right)$$