

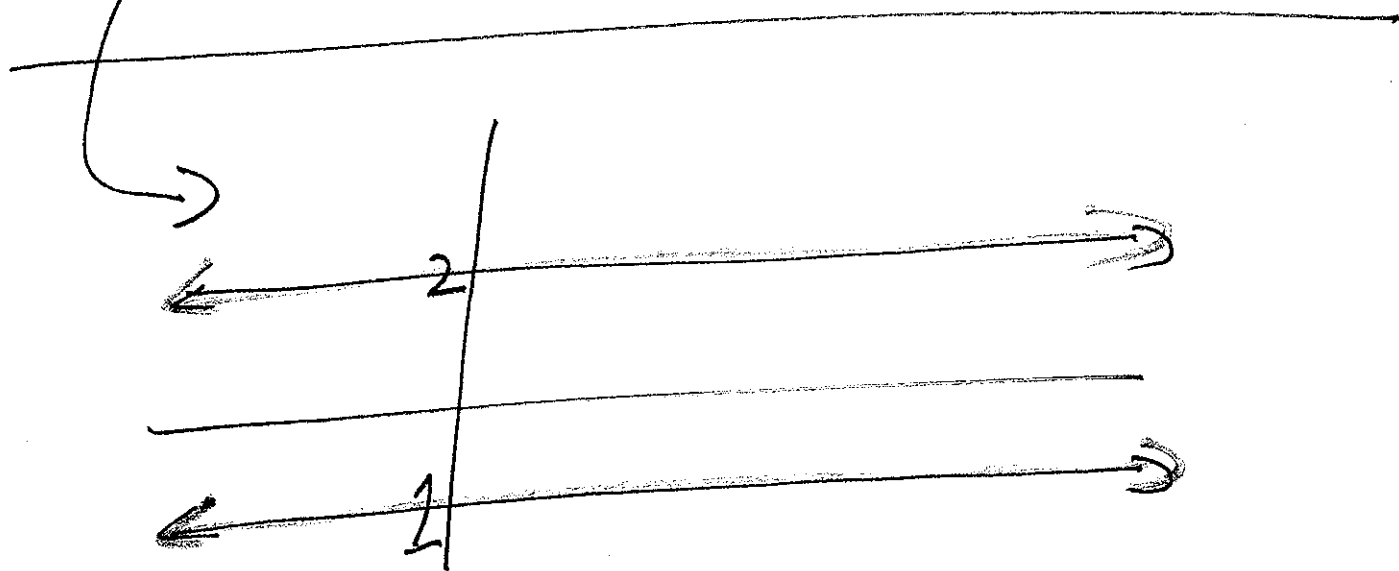
8.3: $y' = f(y)$

autonomous diff eq'n

Ex: $y' = ky$

$y' = (2-y)(y+1)$

$y' = \sin y$



$y' = 0 \Rightarrow y = 2, -1$

Defn: An equilibrium
sol'n is a constant
(value) sol'n to the
diff equation

$$y = C \implies y' = 0$$

constant

$$\longleftrightarrow y = C$$

Ex: $y' = \sin y$

$$y' = 0 = \sin y$$

$$y = 0, y = \pi, y = -\pi, \dots$$

$$y = k\pi \text{ for any integer } k$$

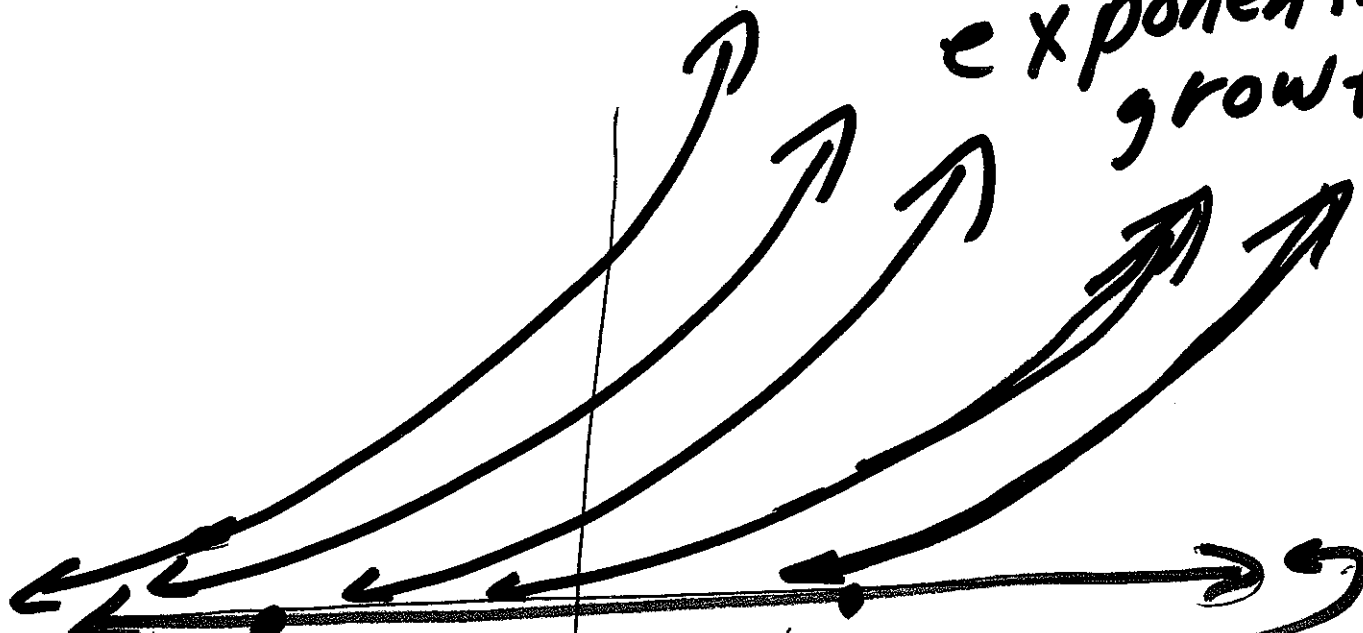
EX: $y' = 2y$

Equil: $y' = 0 = 2y$

\Rightarrow $y = 0$ ← equil sol'n

Recall $y' = 2y \Rightarrow y = Ce^{2t}$

exponential growth



exponential growth (except equil soln)

models population growth

equil $y=0$ initial value $y(t_0)=0$
 $(C=0)$ / 3

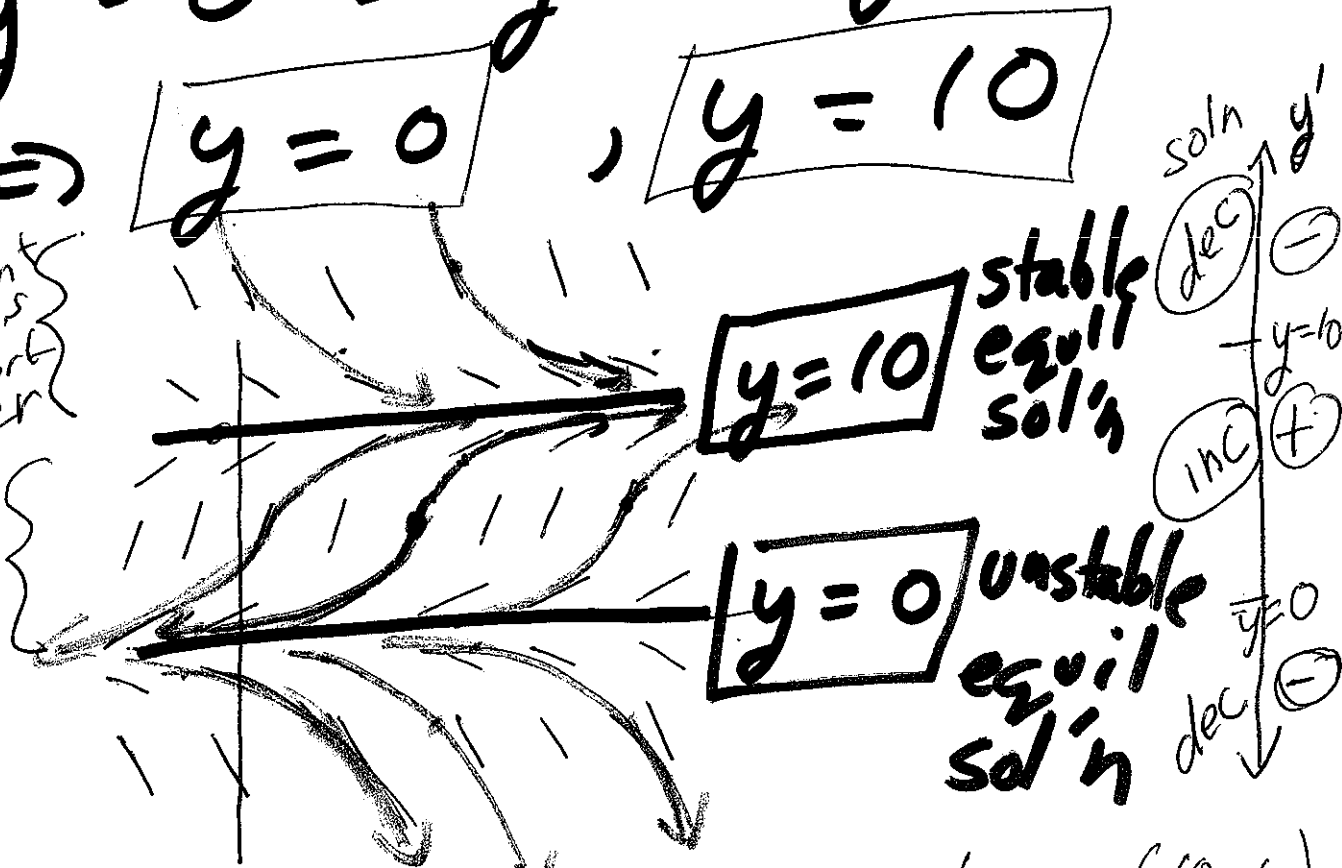
$$y' = y(10 - y) \leftarrow \text{logistic growth}$$

Equil sol'n:

$$y' = 0 = y(10 - y)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{y = 0}, \boxed{y = 10}$$

only have sufficient resources to support 10 deer growth



Note $\boxed{y = 10}$ is a sol'n to $y' = y(10 - y)$

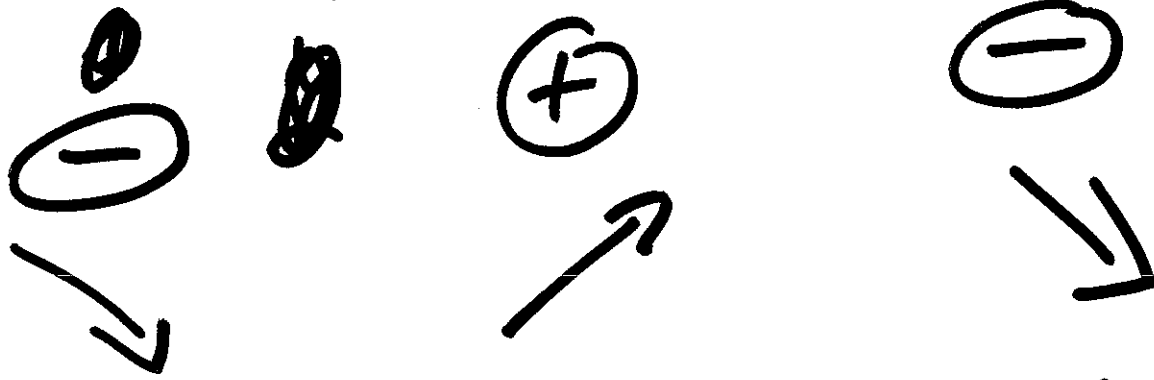
$$y' = 0 \Rightarrow 10(10 - 10) = 0 \Rightarrow y = 10 \text{ is a sol'n}$$

Logistic growth model:

$$y' = r y \left(1 - \frac{y}{L}\right), \quad r > 0, \quad L > 0$$

$$y' = y(10 - y)$$

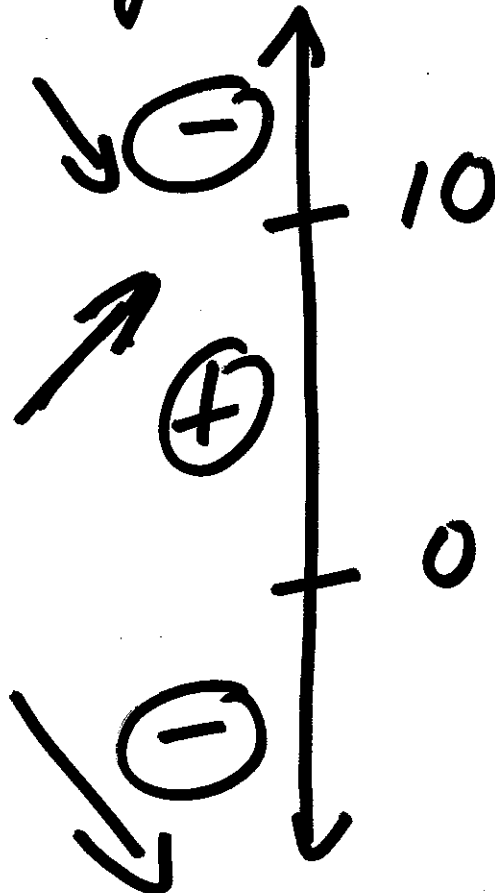
$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} (-) & (+) & 0 & (+) & (+) & 10 & (+) & (-) & y' \\ \leftarrow & & | & & & | & & & \rightarrow \end{array}$$



$$y' = y(10 - y)$$

$y = 10$ is a stable equilibrium solution

$y = 0$ is an unstable equilibrium solution

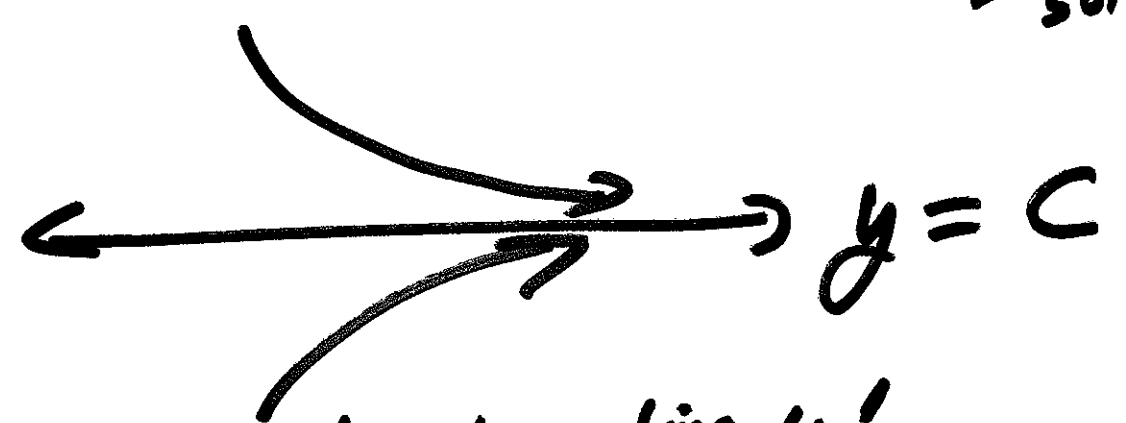


^{Defn} An equilibrium sol'n $y=c$
is stable if

if initial ~~val~~ value starts
~~do~~ close to $y=c$
($y(t_0) = L$ where L is
close to c)

then sol'n approaches
 $y=c$

or equiv $y=c$ is a stable
equiv sol'n
if



or equiv

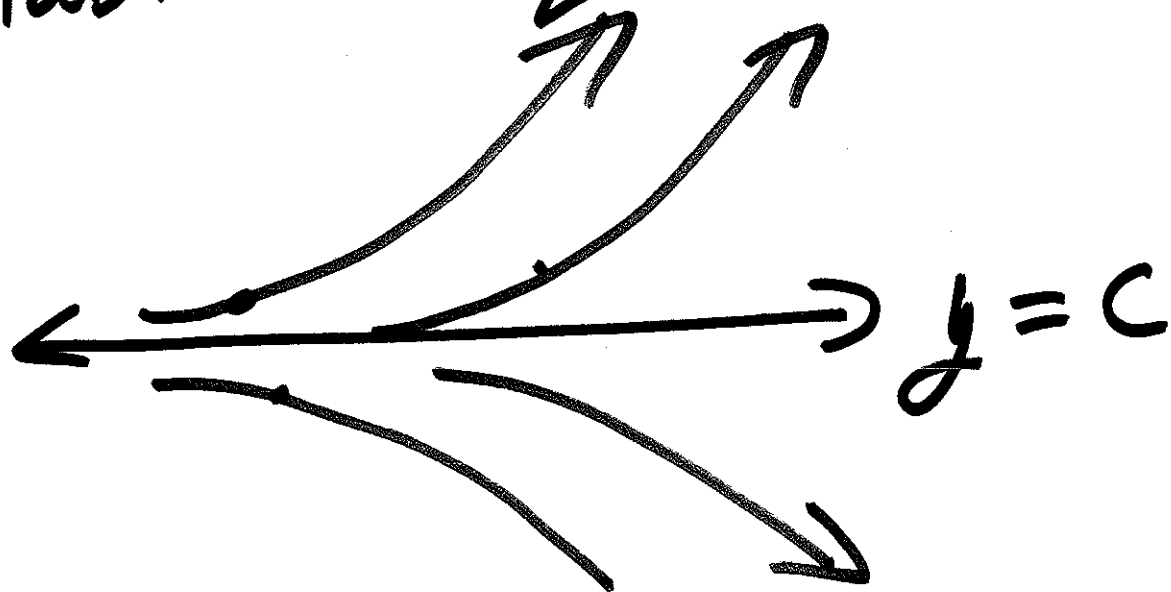
sol'n derivative y'

dec $-$

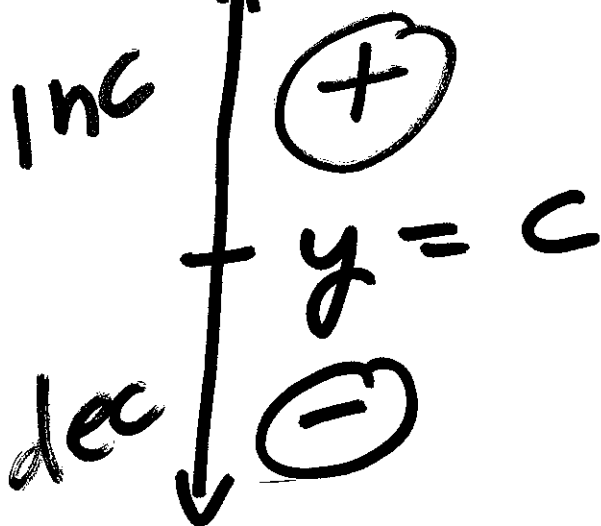
inc $+$

$y=c$

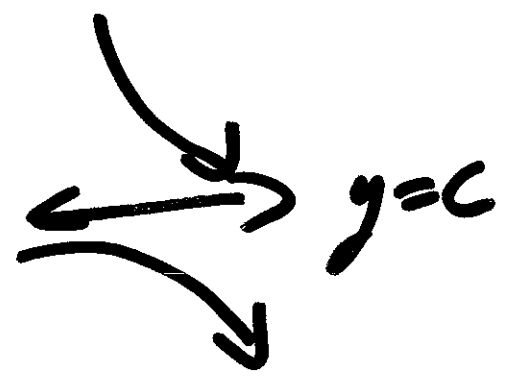
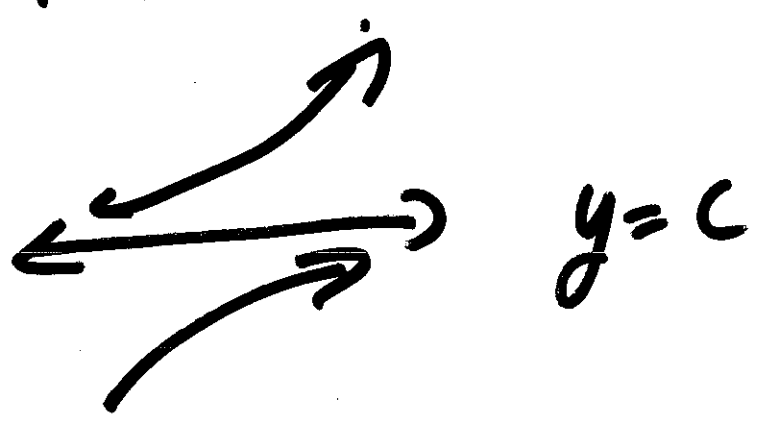
Defn: $y = c$ is an
unstable equil soln
if



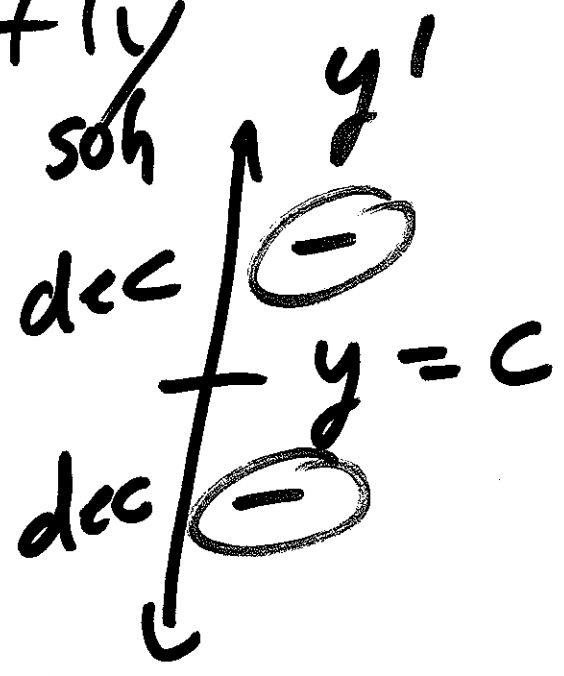
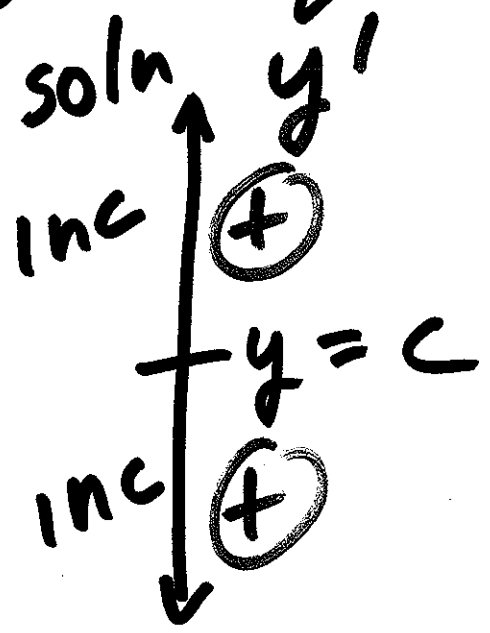
or equivalently
soln



Defn: $y=c$ is a
semi-stable equil soln
if



or equivalently
soln y'



Logistic Growth w/ a Threshold

$$y' = ky \left(1 - \frac{y}{L}\right) \left(\frac{y}{T} - 1\right)$$

$$k > 0, \quad L > T > 0$$

Equilibrium sol'n

$$y' = 0 = ky \left(1 - \frac{y}{L}\right) \left(\frac{y}{T} - 1\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 0, \quad y = L, \quad y = T$$

