

Find the following for  $f(x) = 5x^{\frac{2}{3}} - x^{\frac{5}{3}}$  (if they exist; if they don't exist, state so). Use this information to graph  $f$ .

[1.5] 1a.) critical numbers: \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1b.) relative maximum(s) occur at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1c.) relative minimum(s) occur at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1d.) The absolute maximum of  $f$  on the interval  $[0, 5]$  is \_\_\_\_\_ and occurs at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1e.) The absolute minimum of  $f$  on the interval  $[0, 5]$  is \_\_\_\_\_ and occurs at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1f.) Inflection point(s) occur at  $x =$  \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1g.)  $f$  increasing on the intervals \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1h.)  $f$  decreasing on the intervals \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1i.)  $f$  is concave up on the intervals \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1j.)  $f$  is concave down on the intervals \_\_\_\_\_

[1.5] 1k.) Equation(s) of vertical asymptote(s) \_\_\_\_\_

[4] 1l.) Equation(s) of horizontal and/or slant asymptote(s) \_\_\_\_\_

[4.5] 1m.) Graph  $f$

