## Example program proof — conditional rule

In this example, we prove a program assertion establishing partial correctness of a program fragment computing the absolute value of a number.

{ true } if X < 0 then A := -X else A := X {  $(X < 0 \land A = -X) \lor (X \ge 0 \land A = X)$ }

- 1.  $|--\{ (X < 0 \land -X = -X) \lor (X \ge 0 \land -X = X) \}$ A := -X  $\{ (X < 0 \land A = -X) \lor (X \ge 0 \land A = X) \}$ by the assignment axiom.
- 2. The pre-condition in step 1 is logically equivalent to  $X \le 0$ , and  $|-X < 0 \Rightarrow X \le 0$  so by strengthening the pre-condition of step 1  $|-\{X < 0\}A := -X\{(X < 0 \land A = -X) \lor (X \ge 0 \land A = X)\}$
- $\begin{array}{l} 3. \mid & -- \{ (X < 0 \land X = -X) \lor (X \ge 0 \land X = X) \} \\ A := X \\ \{ (X < 0 \land A = -X) \lor (X \ge 0 \land A = X) \} \end{array}$

by the assignment axiom, and this pre-condition is logically equivalent to  $X \ge 0$ .

4. Using steps 2 and 3 with the conditional rule proves the program.