

Douglas W. Jones  
816 W. Park Rd  
Iowa City, IA 52246  
Feb 3, 2022

The Honorable Kathleen Hochul  
*Governor of the State of New York*

The Honorable Carl Heastie & The Honorable Andrea Stewart-Cousins  
*Speaker of the New York Assembly*  
*Majority Leader of the New York Senate*

The Honorable Latrice Walker & The Honorable Senator Zellnor Myrie  
*Chair of the New York Assembly Election Law Committee*  
*Chair of the New York Senate Elections Committee*

New York State Board of Election Commissioners

Douglas A. Kellner / Co-Chair  
Peter S. Kosinski / Co-Chair  
Anthony J. Casale / Commissioner  
Andrew J. Spano / Commissioner

Dear Honorable Elected and Election Officials,

Regarding a revision to New York's voting machine laws.

On Feb. 2 1897, Justice Horatio Rogers of the Rhode Island Supreme Court wrote:

... a voter on this voting machine has no knowledge through his senses that he has accomplished a result. The most that can be said, is, *if* the machine worked as intended, then he has made his hole and voted. It does not seem to me that that is enough.

*In re Voting Machine, 19 R.I. 729, 36 A. 716 (R.I. 1897)*

He was objecting to a voting machine that recorded votes on paper inside the machine, but his argument applies broadly to any voting system where the voter's choices are recorded or may be altered by mechanisms inside the machine and not observable by the voter.

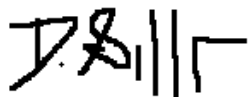
For a century after Judge Rogers wrote this, most of the United States voted on machines that would not have satisfied him. Recently, the situation has been improved by increased use of hand-marked paper ballots. But, a new generation of all-in-one combined ballot-marking devices and scanners threatens this.

These combination devices allow a voter to use a touch-screen to make their choices, print those choices on a ballot or summary card, and then scan the printed result. Some of these can also scan hand-marked paper ballots. The problem is that the printer in most of these machines is on the same paper path used by the scanner, and a voter has "no knowledge through his [or her] senses" that the ballot inserted in the machine for scanning is not in fact altered by the printer on its way to the ballot box.

We have examined the [February 3, 2022B draft of A1115A/S309A](#) and concluded that this legislative proposal takes a responsible approach to banning the further use of such combination devices and phasing out the use of such devices where they are already in use.

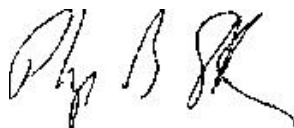
A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'D. Jones', with a long horizontal flourish extending to the right.

Douglas W. Jones, Dept. of Computer Science, University of Iowa, Retired

A stylized handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several vertical and diagonal strokes.

David Siffert, Legislative Affairs Committee Chair, Village Independent Democrats,

Adjunct Professor of Clinical Law, NYU School of Law

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Philip Stark', with a large, sweeping flourish at the end.

Philip Stark, Professor of Statistics, University of California



Andrew W. Appel, Professor of Computer Science, Princeton University

*\*Affiliations are listed for identification only*

## **ADDITIONAL SIGNATURES BELOW**

We, the undersigned, agree with Professors Jones, Siffert and Stark and urgently request the New York legislature to pass, and the Governor to sign, [A1115A/S309A](#), commonly referred to as the Protect Our Ballots Act.

This bill must pass **as soon as possible** to protect New York voters from voting machines that security experts say can add votes to individual paper ballots after the voter casts their ballot. These voting machines are proliferating around our state, even as experts warn about the "[extraordinary risks](#)" they pose. Any delay in the passage of this bill opens the door for more risky voting machines to be certified. Experts are calling that "[a disaster.](#)" We must protect the integrity of our elections and the confidence of our voters. Please take action today.

The Protect Our Ballots Act will set high standards for New York voting machines, and establish New York as a leader on election security. It ensures that:

- No additional voting machines will be purchased or certified that have the ability to change votes on a paper ballot.
- NY voters will have the option to vote with a hand-marked paper ballot or a non-tabulating ballot-marking device in every polling place. (Strongly recommended by security experts.)
- Voting machines will not encode votes on ballots with barcodes or QR codes.

**Time is running out.** We strongly encourage the New York Legislature to pass this bill and for Governor Hochul to sign it into law immediately.

Sincerely,

**Elections, Election Security, Auditing and Technology Experts\***

*\*Affiliations are listed for identification only*

**David Bader**, PhD, Distinguished Professor and Director, Institute for Data Science  
New Jersey Institute of Technology

**Jan BenDor**, Statewide Coordinator, Michigan Election Reform Alliance  
State-accredited Election Administrator

**Harvie Branscomb**, electionquality.com

**Duncan Buell**, Chair Emeritus, NCR Chair in Computer Science and Engineering  
Dept. of Computer Science and Engineering, University of South Carolina

**Rich DeMillo**, Chair, School of Cybersecurity and Privacy, Warren Professor of  
Computer Science, Georgia Tech

**David L. Dill**, Donald E. Knuth Professor, Emeritus, School of Engineering  
Stanford University

**Candice Hoke**, Founding Co-Director Center for Cybersecurity & Privacy Protection  
Cleveland State University

**Virginia Martin**, PhD, Commissioner, Columbia County,  
NY, Board of Elections, 2008-2020

**Bennie Smith**. Election Commissioner, Shelby County, TN, Software Programmer

**Barbara Simons**, IBM Research (retired).

**Daniel H. Wolf**, Esq., CEO, Democracy Counts, Inc., San Diego, CA

### **Organizations:**

SMART Legislation; Lulu Friesdat, founder

Affiliation of Brookhaven Civic Organizations; Royal Reynolds

[Bethlehem Morning Voice Huddle](#); Bob Stromberg

CCoHOPE; Kate Ray, election security group leader

[Concerned Families of Westchester](#); Vanessa Merton

Democracy Counts, Inc., Daniel H. Wolf, Founder/CEO

Dutchess County Progressive Action Alliance (DCPAA)

Michigan Election Reform Alliance

NYPAN - New York Progressive Action Network

NYPAN-SFL - New York Progressive Action Network, Southern Finger Lakes  
Scrutineers.org; Emily Levy, Executive Director

Stand Up America

Village Independent Democrats

