

Corrections of
 K. ATKINSON and W. HAN, *Theoretical Numerical Analysis:
 A Functional Analysis Framework* (Second Edition), 2005

- p. 7, l. -9: “ $\dim V$ ” \implies “ $\dim W$ ”
- p. 20, l. -2: “ $V_0 \subset V$ a subspace ” \implies “ $V_0 \subset V$ a closed subspace”
- p. 21, l. 3: remove “and $V_0 \subset V$ is a closed subspace”
- p. 57, l. -12: “ TS ” \implies “ L_2L_1 ”
- p. 60, l. 3: add “show that” before “its norm \dots ”
- p. 115, l. 10: “ e^{-nax} ” \implies “ e^{-jax} ”
- p. 121, l. 17: “ $\{m_i\}_{i=0}^n$ ” \implies “ $\{m_i\}_{i=1}^n$ ”
- p. 121, l. 24: “ $\Pi_{i=0}^n$ ” \implies “ $\Pi_{i=1}^n$ ”
- p. 130, l. -8: “ $v \in K$ ” \implies “ $v \in V$ ”
- p. 142, l. -5: “ (u_i, ϕ_i) ” \implies “ (u, ϕ_i) ”
- p. 143, l. 5: delete “continuous”
- p. 163, l. 9: “ $b_j = 2\mathfrak{J}(c_j)$ ” \implies “ $b_j = -2\mathfrak{J}(c_j)$ ”
- p. 172, l. 9: new paragraph for “(b) \dots ”
- p. 172, l. -2: “ $f(x+t) - f(t)$ ” \implies “ $f(x+t) - f(x)$ ”
- p. 174, l. 11: “ $b_j = \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{\ell=0}^{k-1}$ ” \implies “ $b_j = \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_{\ell=0}^k$ ”
- p. 175, l. 14: “ $e^{i\xi(x-t)}$ ” \implies “ $e^{-i\xi t}$ ”
- p. 175, l. 16: “ $\Delta\xi$ ” \implies “ $e^{i\xi_j x} \Delta\xi$ ”
- p. 175, l. 19: “ $e^{i\xi(x-t)}$ ” \implies “ $e^{-i\xi t}$ ”
- p. 176, l. -12: “ $e^{-i\mathbf{x}\cdot\xi}$ ” \implies “ $e^{i\mathbf{x}\cdot\xi}$ ”
- p. 176, l. -8: “in $L^1(\mathbb{R}^d)$ ” \implies “in $L^2(\mathbb{R}^d)$ ”
- p. 177, l. 6: “ $\exp(-\|\mathbf{x}\|)$ ” \implies “ $\exp(-\|\mathbf{x}\|^2)$ ”
- p. 178, l. -4: “, $\phi \in \mathcal{S}(\mathbb{R}^d)$.” \implies “.”

- p. 185, l. 4: “ $D_n = \text{diag}(1, \omega_n, \dots, \omega_n^{n-1})$ ” \implies “ $D_n = \text{diag}(1, \omega_{2n}, \dots, \omega_{2n}^{n-1})$ ”
- p. 210, l. -10:

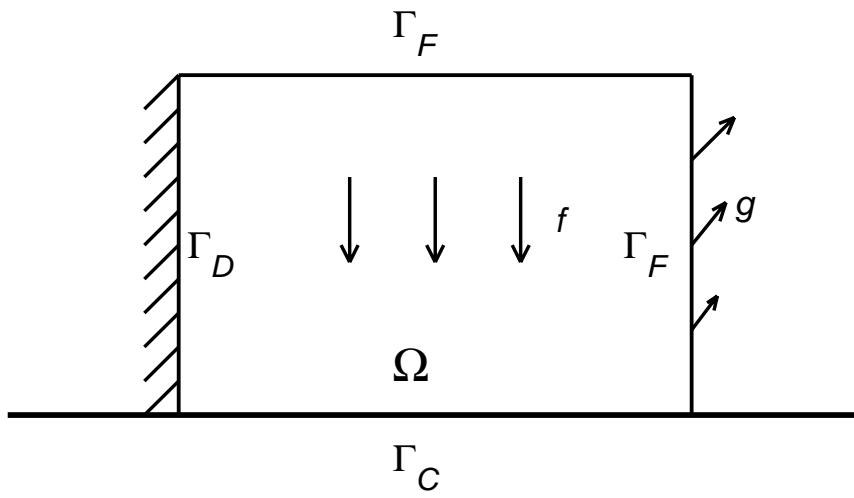
$$x_{n,i} = x_{n-1,i} + \omega \left(b_i - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} x_{n,j} - \sum_{j=i+1}^m a_{ij} x_{n-1,j} \right), \quad 1 \leq i \leq m.$$

\implies

$$x_{n,i} = (1 - \omega) x_{n-1,i} + \frac{\omega}{a_{ii}} \left(b_i - \sum_{j=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} x_{n,j} - \sum_{j=i+1}^m a_{ij} x_{n-1,j} \right), \quad 1 \leq i \leq m.$$

- p. 214, l. -6: delete the last word “linear”
- p. 218, l. 7: “for u'' ” \implies “for u ”
- p. 218, l. -5: “ $u_1(t) = \dots$ ” \implies “ $u'_1(t) = \dots$ ”
- p. 218, l. -4: “ $u_2(t) = \dots$ ” \implies “ $u'_2(t) = \dots$ ”
- p. 218, l. -1: “ $\max_{|s-t_0| \leq |t-t_0|}$ ” \implies “ $a \max_{|s-t_0| \leq |t-t_0|}$ ”
- p. 220, l. -13: “ f at u_0 ” \implies “ f at u_0 along h ”
- p. 221, l. -1: “ u ” \implies “ u_0 ” (at 4 places)
- p. 227, l. 5: “ $\frac{1}{\theta} \langle f'(u + \theta(v-u)) - f'(u), v-u \rangle$ ” \implies “ $\frac{1}{\theta} \langle f'(u + \theta(v-u)) - f'(u), \theta(v-u) \rangle$ ”
- p. 228, l. -2: “ \int_a^b ” \implies “ \int_0^1 ”
- p. 230, l. -7: “in a Banach space” \implies “in Banach spaces”
- p. 233, l. 1: “ u_1 is chosen” \implies “ u_0 is chosen”
- p. 258, l. 8 and l. 12: “(6.1.5)–(6.1.7)” \implies “(6.2.1)”
- p. 258, l. 11: “ $u_0 \in V_0$ ” \implies “ $u_0 \in V$ ”
- p. 261, l. -8 and l. -7: “ x ” \implies “ x_0 ” (at 3 places)
- p. 265, l. 12: add “,” at the end of the formula
- p. 406, l. 8: “ $u \in H^{k+2}(\Omega)$ ” \implies “ $u \in H^{k+1}(\Omega)$ ”
- p. 406, l. 10: “ $\|u\|_{k+2, \Omega}$ ” \implies “ $\|u\|_{k+1, \Omega}$ ”

- p. 417: in Figure 11.1, change the direction of f from upward to downward (cf. next page)
- p. 421, l. 17: “has a unique solution.” \implies “has a solution. Uniqueness of the solution can be shown directly.”
- p. 537, l. 10: “the the” \implies “the”



rigid foundation

Figure 1: Figure 11.1