Dependently Typed Programming with Mutable State

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What Are Dependent Types?

Indexed datatypes:

<list A n> instead of <list A>
<balanced_tree A d> <tree A>
<lam_t max_var> lam_t

Dependent function types:

Computing a type by recursion:

```
printf : Fun(s:format_string).(printf_t s)
(printf_t "%d"++s) => (int -> (printf_t s))
(printf_t "%x"++s) => (ptr -> (printf_t s))
(printf_t []) => unit
```

Why Dependent Types Matter ¹

Incrementality

¹Title of invited talk at POPL 2006 by James McKenna.

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Incrementality Intensionality

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Incrementality

- Adding verification usually is a big leap.
 - new specification language (at least first-order logic); and
 - new proof language(s), or
 - unpredictable, tricky tools ("you need an expert").
- Not a big leap with dependent types.
 - From <list A> to <list A n> is easier.
 - Add verification judiciously, "pay as you go".
- Goal: enable gradual increase in code quality.
 - Deep verification is at one limit.
 - Lightweight verification can improve code a lot.

Intensionality (Policies versus Properties)

- Properties expressing facts about code.
- Policies restrict how code can be used.
- Stating (proving) a property from a policy may be hard.
- Example policies:
 - Files may not be accessed after they are closed.
 - Uninitialized array locations may not be read.
 - Data computed from user's contact list cannot be auto-emailed.².

²See [Swamy, Chen, and Chugh 2009]

GURU at a High-Level

- Pure functional language + logical theory.³.
 - Includes indexed datatypes, dependent function types.
 - Terms : Types.
 - Proofs : Formulas.
- Inspired by Coq/CIC, but with some improvements:
 - General recursion for terms.
 - ★ Proofs are still sound.
 - Explicit casts instead of conversion => type equivalence still decidable.
 - Annotations dropped for type equivalence.
 - Including types, specificational ("ghost") data, and proofs.
 - Avoids problems with equality of proofs.
 - * Like Implicit Calculus of Constructions (ICC).
 - Resource-tracking analysis [new!]

³See [Stump, Deters, Petcher, Schiller, Simpson 2009]

Functional Modeling for Imperative Abstractions

- I/O, mutable arrays, cyclic structures, etc.
- Do not fit well into pure FP.
- Approach: functional modeling.
 - Define a pure functional model (e.g., <list A n> for arrays).⁴
 - Model is faithful, but slow.
 - Use during reasoning.
 - Replace with imperative code during compilation.
 - Use linear (aka unique) types to keep in synch.

⁴Cf. [Swierstra and Altenkirch 2007]

Example: Word-Indexed Mutable Arrays

- Type: <warray A N L>.
 - A is type of elements.
 - N is length of array.
 - L is list of initialized locations.
- (new_array A N) : <warray A N []>.
- Writing to index i:
 - requires proof: i < N.</p>
 - functional model: consume old array, produce updated one.
 - imperative implementation: just do the assignment.
 - array's type changes: <warray A N i::L>.
- Reading from index i:
 - does not consume array.
 - ▶ requires proof: i ∈ L.

Example: FIFO Queues

- Mutable singly-linked list, with direct pointer to end.
- Aliasing!
- GURU approach: *heaplets* (part of heap).

Туре	Functional Model	Imperative Implementation	
<heaplet a="" i=""></heaplet>	list of aliased values	nothing	
<alias i=""></alias>	index into heaplet I	reference-counted pointer	

• Unverified queue:

- Just memory safety.
- 138 lines total (6 lines proof).
- Verified queue:
 - Prove that qin-node has no next-pointer.
 - Requires reasoning about aliases.
 - 310 lines total (178 lines proof).

Resource-Tracking and Memory Management

- Memory deallocated explicitly.
- Resource-tracking analysis ensures safety.
- Different resource types available.
 - unowned: for reference-counted data.
 - unique: for mutable data structures.
 - > <owned x>: for pinning references.

x:unowned

y:<owned x>

Not allowed to consume $\mathbf x$ until $\mathbf y$ is consumed.

Can safely omit inc/dec for y.

- GURU: no garbage collection!
- "Garbage Collection: Java Application Servers Achilles' Heel" ⁵

⁵[Xian, Srisa-an, Jiang 08]

Empirical Comparison

Benchmark 1: In array storing [0, 2²⁰), do binary search for each element.

Benchmark 2: push all words in "War and Peace" through 2 queues.

Mutable Array Test		Queue Test	
Language	Avg Real Time	Language	Avg Real Time
HASKELL	1.18 s	HASKELL	1.08 s
HASKELL (No GC)	0.49 s	HASKELL (No GC)	0.53 s
OCAML	0.61 s	OCAML	0.66 s
OCAML (No GC)	0.54 s	OCAML (No GC)	0.37 s
GURU	0.42 s	GURU	0.60 s

Compilers: ghc 6.10.4, ocamlopt 3.11.1, gcc 4.3.3 Machine: 2.67Ghz Intel Xeon, 8 GB mem, Linux 2.6.18

Current Projects

- \bullet versat: verified modern SAT solver.
 - Complex code, uses mutable state.
 - Not too large.
 - Simple spec.: learned clauses derivable by resolution from input clauses.
 - With Duckki Oe, Derek Bruce.
- GOLFSOCK: verified LFSC proof checker.
 - ► LFSC = (Edinburgh) Logical Framework with Side Conditions.
 - My proposal for a meta-language for SMT proofs.
 - Fast C++ implementation (45% overhead for QF_IDL, difficulty 0-3).⁶
 - ▶ With Cesare Tinelli, Clark Barrett, Tianyi Liang, Yeting Ge, Andrew Reynolds.
- Implementation in GURU in progress.

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- "Eat your own dog food!"
- Let's eat what we grow.

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Future Goals

- More imperative abstractions:
 - Statically reference-counted heaplets.
 - Doubly-linked lists, hashmaps, etc.
- More automation:
 - Currently: hypjoin t t' by p1 ... pn end⁷.
 - Extend to first-order formulas?
 - Goal: understandable, predictable tactics ("no expert needed").
- (For you) to learn more:
 - Version 1.0 is close to release:

```
www.guru-lang.org
```

"Verified Programming in Guru" book.

⁷See [Petcher, Stump 2009].